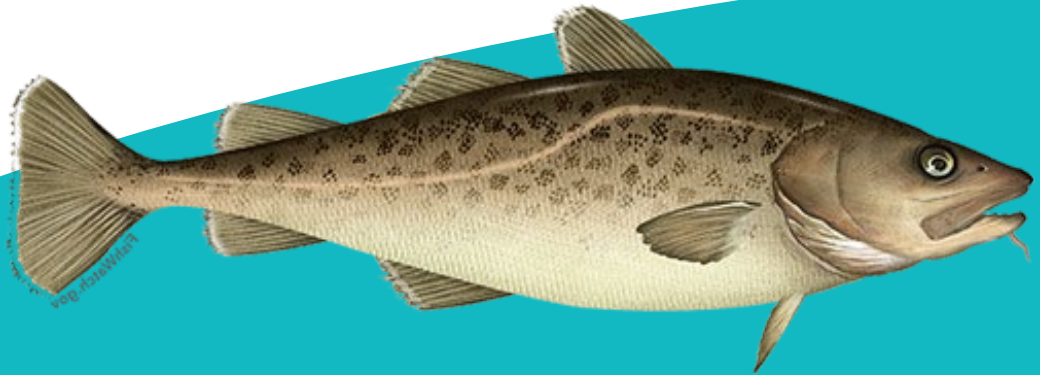


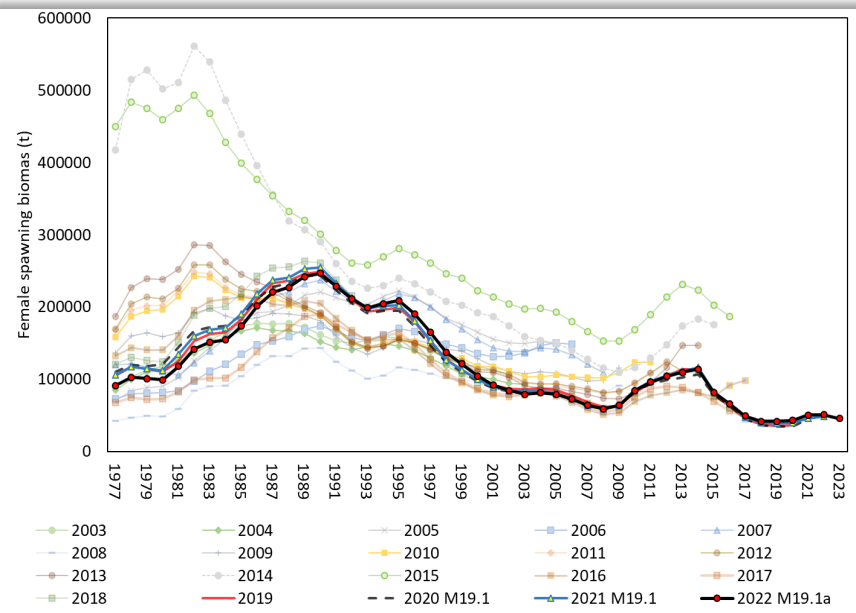


NOAA
FISHERIES

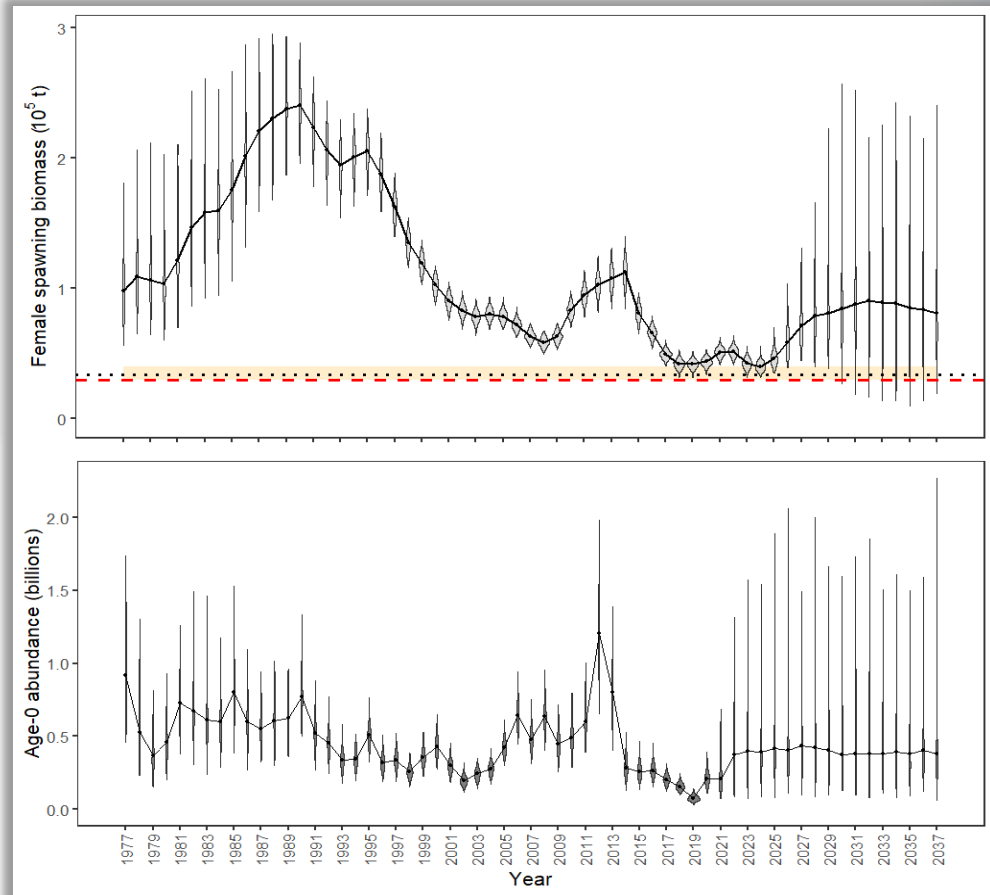


Gulf of Alaska Pacific cod

Pete Hulson, Steve Barbeaux,
Bridget Ferriss, Susanne
McDermott, and Ingrid Spies



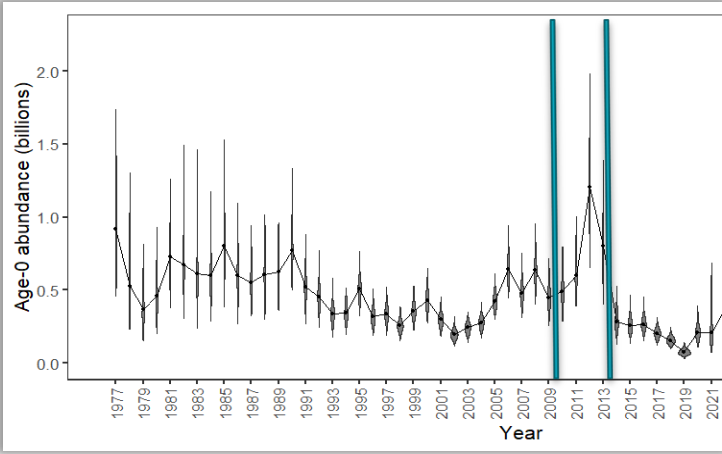
- Model consistent with past ~6 assessments
- Spawning biomass projected to increase, but...



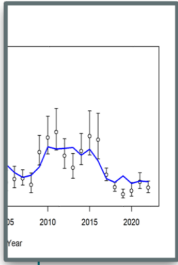
2022 Assessment recap



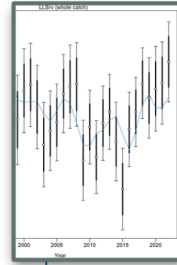
- Spawning biomass projected to increase, but...
- Is highly dependent on what magnitude of mean recruitment is used in projection



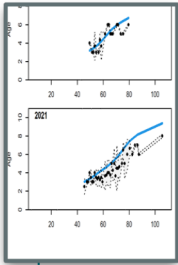
2022 Assessment recap



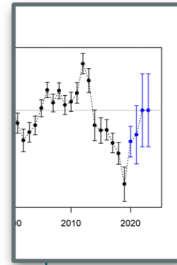
Model fitting bottom trawl, consistently expecting larger RPNs than what has been observed



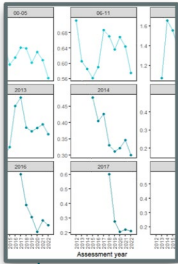
Fitting comp data relatively well, not fitting increase in mean length



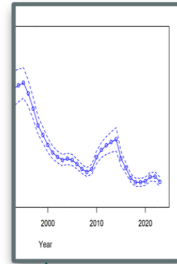
Conditional age-at-length fit degrading with new data



Estimating below average year-class strength since 2014



Large retrospective pattern in estimated year-class strength, continues to decrease with each assessment



Projecting spawning biomass to decrease through 2024, then increase (if average recruitment realized from 2022 on)

2022 Assessment recap

- Take another look at fit to longline survey
- Pick up and investigate environmental link to growth again
- Implement 2 index REMA model for apportionment (bottom trawl with longline survey)
- Continue to evaluate impact of recruitment in projections

2023 Outlook





Fishery CPUE through 2023

Mixed and variable signal on CPUE but overall seems consistent with 2022 so far

